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Outros rurais

The gambler#39;s fallacy is the mistaken belief th

at past events can influence future events that are entirely independent of them

in reality. For example, the gambler#39;s fallacy might cause some

one to believe that if a coin just landed on heads twice in a row, then it#39;s

due to land on tails on the next toss

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What Is the Gambler#39;s Fallacy? The gambler#39;s fallacy, also known as the

Monte Carlo fallacy, occurs when an individual erroneously believes

that a certain random event is less likely or more likely to happen based on th

the outcome of a previous event or series of events

Gambler#39;s Fallacy: Overvie